[Para 21] FIG. 1 illustrates the basic interactive components of the predictive advisors;

[Para 22] FIG. 2 illustrates sample data flow in a simplified embodiment;

[Para 23] FIG. 3 illustrates a sample data flow and functional in the present invention;

[Para 24] FIG. 4 is an architectural implementation of the of the invention as it may be implemented on Cybertrader®;

[Para 25] FIG. 5 is a flow diagram of the operation selection;

[Para 26] FIG. 6 is an alternate view of the data flow in a preferred embodiment of the invention;

[Para 27] FIG. 7 is an illustration of the factor adjustment system;

[Para 28] FIG. 8 is a screen shot of an implementation of the present invention;

[Para 29] FIG. 9 shows the set up of the stop-loss risk control trading system; and

[Para 30] FIG. 10 shows the risk control trading system with the data flow in an override.

[Para 31] DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[Para 32] Referring now to FIG. 1, a functional diagram of the present invention in a particular embodiment is shown. The implementation of the invention is often on an end-user's back-end software application, which is generally their own proprietary software or a modified off-the-shelf solution. The data is moved from the proprietary software backend to base-level prediction system connected is a series with **base level advisers**. Although only six advisers are shown in the diagram, as can be appreciated by those skilled in the art, different types and configurations of advisers at the baselevel can be included in different environments of the invention which are discussed below and shown in Appendix A. In a preferred embodiment, due to the fact that active traders require as much "executable" information at their fingertips as possible, an